HOUSE RULES DISCUSSED.

MR. REED'S CRITICISM OF THE CHANGES.

WASTEFUL OF TIME AND PRODUCTIVE OF AN-NOYANCE-"TYRANNY" THAT HAS

CEASED TO BE TYRANNY. Washington, Jan. 26.-In the House to-day Mr. Catchings, of Mississippi, called up the report of the Committee on Rules, containing the proposed new code of rules, general debate being limited to seven hours. Mr. Catchings made a brief explanation of the new code, stating that it was composed substantially of the rules governing the Lth Congress, the modifications being in the interest of the dispatch of business and a re trenchment of public expenditures.

Mr. Reed, of Maine, criticised the proposed rules and extolled the rules of the List Congress. As fur as the introduction of bills was concerned, the proposed change would result in a consumption of the time of the House, an annoyance to members and an exceeding irregularity. He sarcastically congratulated the Democratic party on taking a step forward in advocating a rule making it in order to call up for consideration a report from the Committee on Rules and pending the consideration for the Speaker to entertain one motion to adjourn, but after the result is announced not to entertain any other dilatory motion. He glad to know that it had ceased to be tyranny for that committee to present bills for the consideration of the House. But even this advance was one-sided. Underthe proposed rule, whenever the Committee on Rules wished to cut off fliibustering it could do so, and it was right that it should. But the majority of the House should at all times have the same right. Under the rule the minority might rule, except where the Committee on Rules took the initiative. The minority was sacred when it had the Committee on Rules on its side, and was of no account when the Committee was opposed

The House had a right at any time to insist that obstruction to its onward march of legislation should be moved out of the way. The Speaker of the House punished." (the organ of the majority and of the House) should have not only the right but the duty devolved upon THE INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN. him to suppress fillbustering, just as he had the right to suppress any other disturbance that might occur. The questions which the people presented ought to be decided by their representatives. necessary for him to discuss the question of what cona quorum in the House. The Supreme Court of the United States would soon, he hoped, pass upon that. He entertained an unfaltering faith that the Supreme Court would follow the decisions of every Supreme Court and every justice of every supreme Court that had ever passed upon the question quorum of this body was constituted by the members

He proceeded to argue against the power given to place riders upon appropriation bills, provided that the amendments offered retrenched expenditures. He was opposed to anything which lowered the power and dignity of the House. The power that the House took away from itself was a power which it could not take away from the Senate.

Mr. Lanham, of Texas, availed himself of the wide

scope given to general debate to make a speech in favor of the free coinage of silver.

Mr. Bowers, of California, criticised the proposed rules. His people want some appropriations for their narbors. If he understood the report of the commit-ce aright, unless he could get a pull on the Com-mittee on Rivers and Harbors, he "was not in it."

Raynor, of Maryland, replied to Mr. Lanham in opposition to free silver.

Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, brought the debate back to the subject under consideration and entered into a critical analysis of the proposed rules; and Mr. Mills, of Texas, made a brief reply. Mr. McKennaf, of Callfornia, also addressed the House in criticism of the new code; and then the House adjourned until to-

MR. BRECKINRIDGE'S AMENDMENT.

PROPOSALS TO "REDUCE TAXATION" MAY BE ADDED TO APPROPRIATION BILLS.

Washington, Jan. 26.-The flood of Chilliah news yes terday caused to be overlooked a significant amend-ment to the new code of rules offered by Mr. Breckinridge, of Kentneky. It appears in to-day's "Record" as follows: "Provided, further, that whenever any gensral appropriation bill is under consideration it shall be in order to move as an amendment any amendment reducing taxation or providing out of what fund or taxes such appropriation shall be paid."

This proviso Mr. Breckinridge proposed to add to the Holman rule, whose adoption was recommended by the Rules Committee, permitting riders or legislation on appropriation bills when in the interest of retrench-If enacted it would enable a complete tariff bill to be appended to any appropriation bill under con-sideration in the House. When seen this afternoon he aid that it did not contemplate any move against the chairman of the Ways and Means Committee. He said that he did not believe in legislation on approprin bills, but if there were going to be any such rule adopted as the old Holman rider of the XLVIIIth Congress, he wanted to keep any single tariff bill or any general

BILLS IN THE SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 26.-In the Senate to-day Mr. Laws, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, reported back the House bill for the completion of the allotment of lands to the Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indians. After explanation the bill was passed, and now goes to the President.

Among other bills reported from committees and placed on the calendar were the following: Relative to the improvement of the harbor at Philadelphia; to prohibit the sale of frearms and ammunition to Indians

Mr. George offered a resolution for the appointment of select committees of five to inquire into the causes of the present low prices of cotton and of the depressed condition of agriculture in the cotton-raising states. Referred to the Committee on Agriculture Mr. Dolph made a personal explanation in reply to an article in the Prohibitionist organ, "The Voice."

criticising him severely. On motion of Mr. Wolcott, Senate bill approprion motion of Mr.

ating \$100,000 for a public building at Leadville, Col., was taken from the calendar and passed.

Mr. Aldrich introduced a bill to regulate the fish-

RATHBUN'S NOMINATION REPORTED.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The nomination of L. G. Rath-bun to be postmaster at Elmira, N. Y., whose con-firmation Schator Hill has opposed, was to-day favorably reported to the Senate by the Postoffice Committee, but no action was taken upon it.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED BY THE SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The Senate, in executive seen, has confirmed the following nominations: Lewis Dexter, of Rhode Island, United States Consul at Fayal, Azores: Passed Assistant Surgeon H. R. Carter to be surgeon, and C. H. Gardner, of Maryland, assistant surgeon in the Marine Hospital Service; Third Lieutenants S. M. Landrey and A. J. Henderson, to be second lieu-tenants, revenue marine; postmaster, Harry Bradley,

tenants, revenue ma Dobbs Ferry, N. Y. DISCUSSING THE LA ABRA CLAIM.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The Senate at 2 o'clock took up as unfinished business the Mexican Award bill—relating to the La Abra claim—and Mr. Dolph continued his argument in support of the bill. Mr. Mor. gan also argued in favor of the bill and commented o the absence of Senators from the Chamber during all the time that the bill had been under discussion

bill, he said, which involved, directly and seriously, the honor and duty of the United States Government. A DIVIDEND FROM THE SPRING GARDEN BANK. Washington, Jan. 26.-The Controller of the Cur rency has declared a first dividend of 10 per cent in favor of the creditors of the Spring Garden National Bank of Philadelphia, on claims proved amounting to \$1,600,700.

JUDGE BOARMAN'S CASE REOPENED. Washington, Jan. 26.-The sub-committee of the House Judiciary Committee having in charge the resolution looking to an impeachment of Judge Boarman, o Louisiana, for misconduct in office, have decided to conduct an investigation to ascertain whether or not article of impeachment should be presented. This is in effect a reopening of the case. The committee took a great deal of evidence in the last Congress, and taking the material then collected as a basis, a thorough examina-tion of the case will be made.

FOR AN INTERNATIONAL SILVER CONFERENCE. Washington, Jan. 26 (Special).—The friendly in-terest taken by the Senate Finance Committee in pending projects for an International Silver Conference was shown to-day at the first regular meeting of the session. The Teller resolution, referred to the committee in December, was taken up and after some discussion of its details a briefer and more concise sub stitute, running on its lines, was presented by Senator Aldrich and approved unanimously by the committee. Mas afterward reported in the Senate by Senator

Morrill. The substitute authorizes the President to invite the Governments of such countries as he may leem advisable to join the United States in a con ference to be held at a time and place to be agreed upon, such conference to be called with a view of securing a permanence in the relative value of gold and silver at a common coinage ratio to be mutually agreed upon through international agreement. It provides also for the appointment of three commisstoners, to be paid \$5,000 each, to attend such con ference on behalf of the United States. Negotiations have already been begun to secure such a conference, and this proposed additional authorization of such a meeting by Congress will probably do much to promote their successful conclusion.

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

DACKAWANNA'S RECENT STRENGTH.

The recent strength in the stock of the Delaware, Lack canna and Western Railroad Company has given rise t rose about 4 points and the stock commanded a good pr mium for its use by the "short" interest to make deliveries with. It was rumored that a large "bear" interest had been forced to cover and Addison Cammack was said to have been one of the sufferers. Two large life insurance companies were reported to have made heavy purchases is-cently for investment. The extremely low rates which money on loan commands is distressing corporations which the reason for the alleged purchases. Another story that went the rounds of the Stock Exchange credited the Lackawanna management with a purpose to increase the rate of dividends, but this could not be confirmed.

President Samuel Sions, of the Lackawanna, was quoted yesterday as Saying: "I see no row ahead for the coal companies, although there has been no deal that I know of. The facts governing the trade are enough to put up the price of coal stocks. There is no trouble about the proprice of coal stocks, there is no frontile about the pro-duction and consumption of coal. It is the price we are all looking at. The weather is more seasonable now and the demand for coal is improving. If it is true, as re-ported, that somehody in the trade has been caught short of the coal stocks on a belief that lower prices for coal stocks would result from a fight between Reading and Jersey Central, they are getting punished. That's all there is about it, except that I am glad to see them get

It was reported in Wall Street yesterday that an agreement had been virtually reached between the large andhelders of the International, and Great Northern Rath road and the Gould interest. The company has had a varied career and is now in the hands of a receiver-Frequent attempts have been made to effect a reorganiza-tion, but they have failed because of the difficulty of re-conciling the views of the bondholders and Jay Gould. conciling the views of the bondholders and Jay tround, who, through the Missouri Pacific, holds control of half of the stock. The agreement now reached is said to provide for the payment of cash on half the coupons of the first mortgage bonds of the International and Great Northern, the remainder to be raid in 5 per cent interest-bearing notes secured by the deposit of coupons. The second mortgage bonds are to receive third mortgage bonds for back interest, and the rate of interest on the seconds is to be 42 per cent for six years and 5 per cent thereafter.

PRESIDENT BORG DENIES IT.

The rumors that the New-York, Susquehanna and West-ern Railroad was seeking terminal facilities of its own just above the West Shore's terminal property, at Weshawken cannot be confirmed. A syndicate of persons interested in the property is said to hold an option on part of the the property is said to hood an operation. Rimsshand estate and the idea of a tunnel through the Heights is said to be entertained. Simon Borg, president of the company, who is also heavily interested in the securities, year-fair emphatically denied that the stories had any foundation in fact.

THE READING COMPANY'S STATEMENT. THE READING COMPANY'S STATE-MEAT.

Philadelphia, Jan. 26.—The statement of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company for December, 1891. show gross traffic excepts of \$1.881,522.31; traffic expenses, \$978,888.02; profit in operating, \$907,684.29; receipts from other sources, \$99,699.82; making the profit for month \$947,034.11. Against this is charged \$18.417.78 expenditures for permanent improvements and \$62,000, a one-twelfth of the current year's fixed charges, thus show mg a surplus for the month of \$304,236.32. The surplu

ing a surplus for the month of \$304,236.32. The surplu-for December, 1890, was \$71,803.37.

The statement of the Philad-liphia and Reading Cool and Iron Company for December, 1891, shows gross receipts, \$1.784,422.97; gross expanses (including operating ex-penses, \$1.623.942.87; colliery improvements, \$74.302.06; permanent improvements, etc., \$13,764.08; p. \$1.712.00.01; profit from mining \$72.323.96. Against this is charged \$25.509, profits of the surproduct of the surprod profit from mining \$72.323.96. Against this is charge-es5.500 as one-twelfth of the current year's fixed charge-thus showing a surplus for the month of \$6.823.96, an in-crease of \$64.955.97 over December, IS90, when there wa m. deficit of #58,132 01.

THE CONTROL OF WESTERN MARYLAND. Baltimore, Jan. 21 (Special).—An ordinance was intro-duced in City Council to-day providing for the sale by the duced in City Council to-day providing for the sale by the Finance Commissioners of the city's interest in the Western Maryland Railroad to John H. Bryant, of New York, and his associates, for \$1.805,000. The ordinance is similar to the one offered last year, and provides that the city directors shall no out of office upon the closing of the sale. If doesned necessary, the Mayor shall request the Legis, lature to pass an act to change the charter so as to enable the purchasers to choose a majority of the directors. A communication was also received from Bryant's council, renawing the offer of \$1.875,000 for the city's interest. The action was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. natter was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

WEST VIRGINIA CENTRAL MEETING. tariff bill from being pocketed in the Senate, and if the House sent the Senate a lot of single shots at the Tariff law (which he personally did not favors he wanted to put the rules in such a shape that the Senate could be compelled to act upon them.

WEST VIRGINIA CENTRAL MEETING.

Pledmont, W. Va., Jan. 26 (Special)—The annual many finds the west Virginia Central Railroad was held to day. The report of President Henry G. Davis she than the road to be in a prosperous condition. In the to-day. The report of President Henry G. Davis showed the road to be in a presperous condition. In the year just ended there was an increase of 33 per cent in the net carnings as compared with the previous year. A dividend of 1 per cent on 86,000,000 of capital stock was declared payable on March I. The report of the general manager told of the work done on the extension of brench lines. The road to Belington, on the Baltimore and Ohro, is party completed. The push this connection the West The road to Belington, on the Bailmore and the thearly completed. Through this connection the West Virginia Central will have a direct outlet to Pittsburg and the lakes. Reference was made to the proposed line to Baltimore, and the directors seemed to favor the control of the struction of an independent me in a controlling inter-ber made with the Western Maryland or a controlling inter-est in that road obtained. The following directors were resolvented: H. G. Davis, S. B. Elkins, William W. Taylor, John A. Hambleton, Thomas B. Davis, James G. Blaine and R. C. Kerens. The beard then organized by the election of H. G. Bavis, president; S. B. L.kins, vice-president, and Edward S. Moore, secretary and treasurer. A meeting of the Piedmont and Cumberle d Raifroad, in West Virginia, was also held. R. C. Kerens was elected

sident, and Major Moore secretary and treasur OFFICERS OF THE PITTSBURG AND LAKE ERIE Pitt-burg, Jan. 26.-At the annual meeting of the Pitts-MF2 and Lake Eric Railroad Company the following officers were elected: President, John Newell, of Cleveland, Ohio; directors, Cornelius Vanderhilt, Willinm K. Vanderbilt, F. W. Vanderbilt, Hamilton McK. Twombley, E. D. Worvesler, of New-York; M. W. Watson, Henry Rice, James L. Bennett, James M. Bailey, F. H. Reed, E. M. schooner and D. L. Wilson.

Pittsburg, McKeesport and Youghiogheny Railroad Company was held. James H. Reed, of Pittsburg, was chosen president. The old directors were re-cle The annual report showed a marked increase it net receipts, due to the increased traffic.

ARMY AND NAVY INTELLIGENCE

Washington, Jan. 26.-Captain Henry G. Burton, assist it surgeon, having been found incaparitated for active seof War, granted leave of absence until further

Secretary of War, grames leaves orders, on account of disability.
Commander William W. Mead has been ordered to ordenece instruction at the Navy Yard at Washington.
Passed Assistant Engineer J. A. B. Smith has been or-

PITTSEURG STRIKERS KEEP THE PEACE.

Pittsburg, Jan. 26.—The sheriff's proclamation to the striking street-car employes and their sympathizers seems to have had the desired effect. There was an absence this morning of large crowds on the streets it lower Allegheny, and the best of order was maintained. Cars were run without interference, and were bettepatronized. The liquor-shops in the district are still closed by order of Mayor Wyman, and will not be allowed to reopen until all danger of an outbreak has

A BUILDING AND LOAN COMPANY'S RECORD. Chicago, Jan. 26.-A dispatch from St. Paul says State Bank Examiner Kenyon has reported to Gov ernor Merriam, recommending that the affairs of the American Building and Loan Association of Minne-apolis be wound up. The American is one of the largest building associations in the country, having sets alleged to reach \$11,000,000. Its patrons are in every State of the Union, an especially large proportion being residents of Massachusetts and New-York. The bank examiner's report is to the effect that the real estate of the association is held at fictitious values. The report also says that extensive loans have been made on Washington State realty, which loans are, with the accumulated interest, in excess of the assessed valu-ation of the property.

A BARN WRECKED BY DYNAMITE.

Noblesville, Ind., Jan. 26 - Some one placed a dynamite cartridge with exploding hammer against the door of A. W. Trillipo's barn. When Mr. Trillipo opened the door yesterday there was an explosion and the barn was partially destroyed. Mr. Trillipo was fortunate enough to escape with a few scratches.

PUSHING THE FAIR BILL.

READY FOR THE HEARING TO-DAY.

HOW NEW-YORK CITY WILL BE REPRESENTED AT ALBANY-THE PROSPECTS BRIGHT.

The representatives of various commercial associa us and trades in this city who are putting forth every effort to secure an adequate appropriation for World's Pair purposes will leave the Grand Central Station at 9 o'clock this morning by a fast train. They will occupy a special car and on the journey will complete their preparations for the hearing which is to be given by the Senate Committee on Finance at 2 o'clock

The representatives of New-York will make their headquarters in Albany at the Delevan House, and there at 1 o'clock they will meet the delegations from other parts of the State and arrange the programme to be carried out before the Senate committee. ing is the first one since the beginning of the present egislative session, and it will undoubtedly be uncom-

monly interesting. It is not yet known how many of the advocates of a larger appropriation than the \$300,000 called for by the bill as it now stands will desire to address the conmittee; but every effort will be put forth to make the speeches sharp, pointed and not too long. It is beheved that the hearing will be completed in time to allow the representatives from this city to return home by the 5 o'clock train.

Said one of the gentlemen interested in the move-

ment yesterday; "The prospects are all good. The Committee on Finance will be surprised at the emphatic demand that is to be made for an appropriation of \$500,000. We mean business, and have meant business from the start. Half a million dollars are absolutely needed if the state intends not to make a shubby showing at Chicago. I expect that the merchants and manufacturers throughout the State will come on strong at the bearing to-morrow. have come to the appeals sent out from this city indicate this. Unfortunately, some of those most flearflly in sympathy with our movement are too basy to go to Albany, or are prevented from doing so by prior engagements. This city will make a fine showing, and the ligh standing of the men who are going to Albany

The World's Fair Committee of the drygoods trade will be represented by John Claffin, John Gibb, William E. Tefft, J. Howard Sweetser and William F. King, the secretary. Their cause will first be prethe Committee on Finance by Charles Stewart Smith, the president of the Chamber of Commerce. Un fortunately Colonel William L. Strong, the chairman of the merchants' committee, will be unable to go to Albany on account of important business that detains bim here. In his absence it is likely that Secretary King will be called upon to speak for the drygoods Other associations and trades in this city will be

represented as follows: The Board of Trade and Transportation, by Henry

C. Valentine and S. W. Fairchild. The Wholesale Grocers' Association, by G. Waldo mith, president; F. B. Thurber and James E. Nichols. The Cotton Exchange, by William V. King and James

The jewelry trade, by Ludwig Nissen, Joseph Fahys

and Charles L. Tilfany.

The plane trade, by William Steinway. The importing drygoods trade, by P. E. Worrall. The retail drygoods trade, by George E. Schauck. The jobbing drygoods trade, by John N. Beach.

The Italian Chamber of Commerce, by C. Bertolino, ceretary, and C. A. Barattoni.
The Collar and Shirt Manufacturers' Association, by much B. Sanford, Charles Chemisshaw and George The flour, feed and grain trade, by Dwight S. Miller.

The Central Association of Retail Merchants of Newto the Legislature:

of the Legislature:

At a meeting of this association held in the city of ew York on the 20th inst., I was instructed, as a presentative of 2,500 grocers, all of whom are tax ayers, to arge upon your consideration the necessity if making generous provision for the exhibit of this late at the World's Columbian Exposition, to be held

Washington, Jan. 26.—The House Committee on Appropriations to day agreed to report to the House a resolution calling for an inquiry by the Appropriations tion at Chicago have been complled with, and whether es of whatever character for the Exposi- but the they tion have been judiciously made, and generally into the management of the Pair. Representative Meyers, of Texas, will report the resolution to the House.

ENGAGED TO WRITE MUSIC FOR THE FAIR. Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 26 (Special).—Professor J. K. Paine, of Harvard, has been engaged to write the in trumental music for the dedicatory exercises at the pening of the Columbian Exposition. The music is to be played by an orchestra of 150 pieces under the leadership of Mr. Thomas.

JAPAN FIRST ON HAND WITH EXHIBITS or the World's Fair from Japan reached this city to day, The receipt of these goods gives Japan the honor of being the first foreign country to send in exhibits.

MEETINGS AND ENTERTAINMENTS. A lecture by Professor Augustus C. Merriam on "My

lety of Amateur Photographers, No. 115 West Thirty.

Printy-seventh-st. Music and recitations added to the enjoyment. Some of those taking part in these were fames Cotter, Miss Suste Graham, Miss Pauline Ruce, Miss Hanrietta Prior, John Thorsen, George Graham, Miss Lillie Graham, Mrs. Ward, Miss Edna Fayton, Miss Adelaide Detgen, W. W. Thempsen, E. F. Johnston and F. Moss, Tea was served by young women prettily dressed The liverary entertainment was in charge Miss Blake, Mrs. Totten and Mrs. T. O. Elisvoorth, and ie tea was managed by Miss Blake and Miss Smith,

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 26,- Don't move and you will P. P. Murphy late last night. Mrs. Murphy, who is the widow of Mayor Murphy, lives at No. 2,623 Didge-st, and owns considerable property. She had been awakeried and saw the man standing at the foot of her bed. Mrs. Murphy did not faint or scream. Instead she resolutely reached under her pillow, and grasping a revolver levellet il at the burglar and because of the control of the contro an firing. He had not expected resistnace, and Mrs

Murphy's true aim found him.
"My God," he cried, and staggered toward the open window through which he had entered, and leaped out while Mrs. Murphy kelt up her firing. By this time the bousehold was aroused, and search was made about the yard for the burglar. He had escaped from the premises, but upon the window-sill were clots of blood and in the yard traces of blood were also found. The trall was lost when the street was reached. Afterward the burglar was found in a cheap hotel suffering from two wounds, one bullet having pene-trated his left line.

THE SALE OF J. G. BEOWN'S PICTURES.

The Fifth Avenue Art Galleries were crowded last ening, when the sale of J. G. Brown's paintings was begun. While the bidding was spirited, the prices realized were, as a rule, hardly large. "Trouble Ahead," brought \$500, and "Well Balanced," \$700. "Long Long Age," nt for \$610; "Watching the Train" for \$500, and "The Tete-a-Tete" \$550. These were the only pictures of the sixty-nine sold which brought over \$500. The total amount

WOMAN'S WONDERFUL WAYS.

THEY ARE GRAPHICALLY DESCRIBED.

A Synopsis of a Lecture Delivered by Mrs. Kendall

Before the Woman's Society of Boston Boston, Jan. 26.-A large and refined audience of ladies greated Mrs. Kendull upon the occasion of her second ap-

perrance nerors a Boston assemblage this afternoon. In in-troducing her becture, the distinguished lady referred to the true position of woman in society, and how her physical condition affects her social and intellectual standing. Con-

condition affects her social and intellectual standing. Continuing she said:

Those who have made careful investigation tell us that heathen women are much more able to endure path that heathen women are much more able to endure path that are the theorem of civilization; but civilized women resent the charge that they are weaker because they are civilized. A distinguished writer says: If the women of civilization, are less able to endure than are beathen women, it is a more accidental circumstance, and one within their continuity when a woman has health, beauty is certain to appear, even in features once plain. With health and beauty in all their attractiveness a new life dawns, enjoyment begins, and sit the luxurious attendants of a healthy body come forth. The maiden feels the infoluse possibilities of life; the mother feels conscious of the grandeur of maternity, and the loys of a family. The Creator has given beth woman and man perfect physical forms, and each is constitutionally equal to all natural demands, but how much women suffer, and in what number of cases is man alone to biame.

"A few weeks ago I received a call from a charming lady, we stood these, he

alone to blaths.

A few weeks ago I received a call from a charming lady, who stated that she was suffering, and wished to know if I could in any way ald her. There is no doubt that thousands of women are suffering to day from similar troubles, who do not recognize their cause so nearly as this lady did. She felt languid, peevish, restless, blue. She had headache, becknobe, cold feet, and sinking sensations. Her complexion was sallow; her appetite fielder, I knew the cause, and I am happy to state that I was able to afford relief.

"No woman is ever seriously sick for any length of there the course, and I am happy to state that I was able afford right.

"Ne woman is ever seriously sick for any length of owhere the blood is pure, and no blood can be impureent the whom the blood is pure, and no blood can be impureent the kidneys and liver are in perfect order. I feel its privilent feeday to state that I believe there is a meaning early women who are suffering can obtain complete, and those who are in health be continued in its owners. A few years ago a prominent and wealthy to Bright's disease of the kidneys. By means of a of Bright's disease of the kidneys. By means of a right and purely creatable remedy he was restored to perfect the seriously well-known men that the caned prove in the case many well-known men that the can also to be used to see their restored to prove their restored to the down their restored to the down their restored to the continued happiness the wonderman power of Warner's Safe Cure.

"I am aware a per law with which it comes in constant of the state of the content of the content in the parts with which it comes in constant of the state of the content in content and the cane inflammations and the innumerable which make the player with which it comes in constant and the cane inflammations and the innumerable which make the player with which it comes in constant in the case of the case of the case of the content of the content in the content all best some are inciditent. The perities of Warner's Safe seems they design the content of the case of the case of the case they design and the content of the case of the case of the case they design and the content of the case of the case the design and the content of the case of the

INSISTING THAT T. W. HILL IS NOT ALIVE

HIS WIFE GETS INSURANCE MONEY-HIS SHORT-AGE NOW PLACED AT OVER \$50,000.

Jamesburg, N. J., Jan. 26 (Special).-The excitemen at this place over the rumor that T. Wilton Hill might still be alive was intense to-day. Late yesterday afternoon Mrs. Hill announced that she had received checks aggregating \$20,000 from the Equitable Life and Mutual Benefit insurance companies of New-York. she also expected \$3.000 from the Royal Arcanum There has been no protest made by these concerns," said Mrs. Hill, and as the policies were made out to me. I shall use the money for the maintenance of my family." Mrs. Hill scouted the Idea of her husband being affive when seen to-day. "He died of influenza, she said, "as Dr. Saydam and members of my family well know. I do not care to discuss the

Cashler C. E. Westervelt, who took Hill's place at the bank, said: "I saw Mr. Hill in his coffin and likewhee saw the body lowered into the grave. All this talk about the village that Mr. Hill is alive and that the coffin contained a wax figure is 'rot.'*

The helief here is that Hill committed suicide, knowing that exposure must follow the annual election of officers of the bank, which occurred on January 2. He we also believe a Board of Commissioners smaller in number would do much more effective work than the larger commissioner by the second section of the Cantor bilk and respectfully urge that but one Commissioner is appointed for each Judicial District in the State. Respectfully vors.

J. W. CALLAHAN, Secretary. died on December 27. No attempt was made presented of \$15,000 would be levied. With the ex-THE RESOLUTION OF INQUIRY TO BE REPORTED a stockholder promised to pay. A notice was received Washington, Jan. 26.—The House Committee on Ap from the Treasury Department at Washington to the years after the Government established a life-saving premiums, etc. effect that if the bank was to do business in the future Committee of the House as to whether the requirements of the act providing for holding the Columbian Exposiwas that this would not be done. The directors hoped was that this would not be done. The directors hoped to selze Mrs. Hill's insurances on her husband's life, but this they cannot legally do, it being personal prop-

Hill's shortage to day was given out as \$54,000, but as it has been increasing from day to day, it is believed

The doings of the Hills in banking circles are said to have been the outcome of a grand scheme of robbery. which had its birth in the brain of Charles Hill, who Branswick National Bank of \$100,000. This scheme proposed fleering the Ninth National Bank, of which John T. Hill was president; the Dime Savings Bank and National of New-Branswick and the Jame-burg Enok. The Hills were at the head of this syndicate, it is said, which originated in Issa. The mency was to be used for speculation is Wall Street. Many prominent men in New Iranswick were deep in the pool and bot heavily. It is believed that fully \$1,000,000 slipped through their firgers, and that too within half a deende of the great State bank crash at New Iranswick, where \$500,000 went by the board.

DAMAGE TO MAIL FROM AUSTRALIA.

21 reached this city yesterday and were forwarded by the steamship linvel. A large quantity of the malls brought by the Ahmeda which were intended for eighth-st., Friday evening.

An illustrated lecture, with views of Southwestern United States, will be given before the German Historical evidently on the trip to san Francisco. The damaged evidently on the trip to san Francisco. Society by A. F. Baudeller to-recrow evening at the Arioa | part of the mail included nearly all the paper mult and 200 letters for delivery in this city, and one bag of papers and 500 letters addressed for delivery at other domestic points. This mail matter had been so completely saturated that most of the pistage stamps became detailed when it was familied.

A BEET-SUGAR PRODUCERS' ASSOCIATION.

San Peancisco, Jan. 26,-The American Beet Sugar Producers' Association was formed here yesterday with Henry T. Oxnard, of San Francisco, president; Thomas R. Cutler, vice-president; James Coffin, secretary Every beet sugar manufactory in the United States encourage the divelopment of the best sugar industry in the United States. New best sugar inexponsions will be invited to join as they may be formed. The meeting adjourned to meet in Oundra, January 25, 1893.

SHE ELOPED WITH PANG YUN.

Chicago, Jen. 26.—Pang Yun, a wealthy Chinaman of Indianapolis, and Ida Norton, also of Indianapolis, and daughter of wealthy parents, were married in this city last night. Pang Yun has the distinction of baing the richest Chinaman between New-York and San Francisco, Ida Norton is only nineteen years old, and was recently gradual d from the III2h School. The match was a case of elopement. All wealthy Chicago were present.

TO BE COLONEL OF THE 71ST REGIMENT,

Major Prancis Vinton Greene, engineer on the staff of Brigadier-ti-mecal Louis Fitzgerald, was elected colonel of the 71st Remment last evening, by a vote of 12 to 9. General Fitzgerald presided at the election, which, as the vote shows, was an exceedingly hot one. The polls were open from 8:30 until 9:30, and every eligible vote in the refineent, except one, was cast. The rival candidate was E. A. McAlpin, who was colonel of the regiment before Colonel Kopper was elected. A number of the officers thought that the election was somewhat premature, and that Major Georne was being forced upon them, so they gave notice at the caucus held on Thursday evening last that they should not vote for him. There was a good deal of electione-ering in the armory last night, and every officer who came in was buttonholed by one side or the other.

The new colonel was a cadet in the West Point Military Academy in 1996, and after being graduated became second ilentenant of the 4th United States Artillery on June 15, 1870. On June 10, 1872, he became second lieutenant of the corps of engineers, and was made first lieutenant of the corps of engineers, and was made first lieutenant of the work of engineers, and was made first lieutenant of the work of engineers, and was made first lieutenant of the corps of engineers, and was made first lieutenant of the corps of engineers, and was made first lieutenant of the corps of engineers, and was made first lieutenant of the corps of engineers, and was made first lieutenant on January 11, 1871. On February 20, 1883, he became captain, and on December 31, 1886, he resigned. During the ware between Turkey and Russia lie was sent to the latter country as the representative of the United States, and he received the Russian decorations of St. Anne and St. Vladimir. He resignal from the Army in 1886, and became president of the Barker Asphalt Pavement Company, a place he still holds. Major Prancis Vinton Greene, engineer on the staff of

BIG OIL WORKS DESTROYED.

BORNE & SCRYMSER'S FACTORY IN RUINS.

STUBBORN FIRE NEAR ELIZABETH, N. J.-LOSS

SAID TO BE \$250,000. Fire broke out in Borne & Serymser's large oil works on Staten Island Sound, a mile below Elizabeth, N. J., at 6 o'clock last night. The high wind drove the flames in all directions and the intense cold crippled the efforts of the firemen. A general alarm was out bringing to the scene the entire Elizabeth Fire De-partment. The Baltimore and Ohio bridge was threatened, and telephone messages were sent to Bay-onne summoning tagboats from the oil works at Constable Hook to fight the flames. The excitement was intense and all telephone communication along

Staten Island was cut off.

The greater part of the oil works were in ruins at the state of the oil works were o'clock, and it was seen that the fire would burn all night. The big storage tanks on the north side of South Front-st, were saved with their contents, as likewise were the two buildings used as storage warehouses. Th flames swept over the wooden bridge which spanned the street and connected both sections of the works and destroyed the structure, but the fire was then checked before it could spread to the new cooper shop and storage tanks. The main portion of the works were on the south side of the street and extended to the water-front. They were swept away by the flames.

The fire started with an explosion of some kind on the pier and in a few minutes it had spread to the big building, 425 feet long, used as a filter-house. men employed in the works tried to check the flames with the fire apparatus attached to the establishment, but the furious wind rendered their efforts futile, and they had to bent a hasty retreat to save their fives as the flames swept on with resistless force. The fireboat Advance of the Grasselli Chemical Company came from Bayonne and did good work. The Elizabeth firemen were prompt in arriving, but could obtain no The Elizabeth water for their engines and were forced to return.

At a o'clock it was evident that nothing could be

done toward saving that part of the works adjoining Staten Island Sound, and all the efforts of the firefighters were directed toward preventing the flames reaching that part of the plant north of South Pront-st., and in this they were successful. The employes in the other factories in the vicinity alded the Borne & Servinser men greatly in combatting the flames. South Front st. is the avenue that leads direct to all the factories and oil refinerles south of the Elizabeth River, and when the flames spread across this street the employes of establishments below the burning oil works were cut off from getting to their homes, and had to battle with the flames to secure a way of reaching Elizabeth. The total loss is estimated at \$250,000, largely covered by insurance. A still collapsed at the works during tile day, but this was said not to have any bearing on the origin of

the fire. The offices and warehouses of the company are at Nos. 80 and 81 South st., New-York. The Borne & Scrymser Works were established in Brooklyn in 1879, and removed to Elizabeth in 1883. since then they have been extended, until yesterday the dant, which originally covered ten acres, covered sixteen About 400,000 barrels of oil were produced annually nd 450,000 barrels of crude petroleum were used to make Inbricators. The buildings on the grounds were a big cooper shop, a barreiling house, a filter-house, a pump-house, a house for bleaching oils and the presspump-house, a house for bleaching oils and the press-house fitted up with costly machinery to extract the paraffine wax from the oil. There were sixty-five fron storage radies, with a capacity ranging from seventy-five to 5,000 barrels. About 10,000 enapty oil bar-rels were kept in stock. There were eight stills, with a capacity of 125 to 000 barrels. An intricate sys-tem of pipes connect with all parts of the works. Over 100 grades of intricating oils were man-ufactured in the establishment, which furnished em-ployment to about 200 men. There were two botter houses and four engines of 500-horse power. The firm had a fine pier, with ample shipping facilities. Its export trade was large, and it bad agencies in Australia, South America and Japan. The works could turn out over 1,200 barrels of finished oils daily.

OBITUARY.

CAPTAIN THOMAS BOND.

Beach Haven, N. J., Jan. 26.—Captain Thomas Bond died here early this morning at the age of eighty-five years. He was at one time a watchcase maker in New York, and was particularly fond of gunning and other for the appointment of a commission of three to fishing, an inclination which led him about the year 1850 to purchase the Long Beach House, a resort on the Jersey const. He became particularly notable by his early connection with the life-saving stations lo-mission is to make the journey next summer and to ception of the Buckelew family and the directors, not hotel, and was never able to obtain any compensation. a was to do business in the future to reduce its capital stock from The sentiment at the meeting to reduce its capital stock from The sentiment at the meeting reduced and died a poor man.

CHARLES F. LORING.

member of the Governor's Council, died to-day at his home in Melrose after a protonged ittness. He had Judge Marming N. Knapp, of the Supreme Court, the been ill since the State election in November. During House, as a mark of respect, adjourned until to-morthe campaign he contracted a swere cold, which later on developed into heart failure, and in his illness a clot of blood settled in his left leg, making it necessary to amputate the limb just below the knee time he had been gradually failing, although it was hoped at one time that he would recover. Mr. Loring was born at Mariboro and was educated in its public schools. He was graduated at Phillips Andover, and afterward entered upon the study of law. He was admitted to the Suffolk bar about sixteen years ago, and had been a member of the legal firm of Moulton, Loring & Loring, of Boston. season of the supreme Board of the Royal Arcanum, him at the head in this country of the Royal Arcanum.

He was elected supreme regent. This election placed him at the head in this country of the Royal Arcanum.

He was a member bluevel of the Royal Arcanum.

He was a member bluevel of the Royal Arcanum. He was a member himself of the Bethiehem Council of Melrose. Mr. Loring was formerly commodore of the Massachusetts Yacht Club. He removed to Mel-rose after his marriage, about eight years ago, and soon become interested in its local political affairs. He had been upon the school floard for about six years. He was an active Republican.

DOWAGER DUCHESS OF WITTELSBACH. Munich, Jan. 26.-Dowager Duchess Louisa, widow of Duke Maximilian and mother of Duke Charles Theodore of Bayaria, head of the ducal house of Wittelsbach, died in this city to-day from influenza. She was born on August 30, 1808, and was married on September 9, 1828. She was the mother of the Emprese Elizabeth of Austria.

MRS. HANNAH MACKAY.

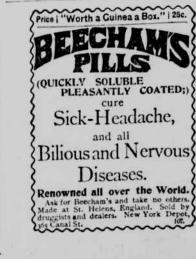
Newburg, N. Y., Jan. 26.-Mrs. Hannah Mackay died in Middletown, N. Y., to day in the one hundredth year of her age, having been born in August, 1792.
She was the mother of fourteen children, and survived ease a them all but one, with whom she resided at the time of her death.

DR. HARMON W. SHOVE.

Woodbury, Cota., Jan. 20.-Dr. Harmon W. Shove, whose medical and surgical practice has been one of the largest in the State for many years, extending to many of the towns in New Haven and Litchfield counties, died here vesterday. He was about sixty-five years of age, and during the Civil War was a surgeon in the Nevy. He resigned at the close of the war and established a practice in this town. He owned a very fine residence and was a man of great wealth. He loaves a wife, who was formerly Miss Bull, sister of David Bull, treasurer of the Woodbury Savings Bank.

SIR OSCAR CLAYTON, London, Jan. 26.—Sir Oscar Clayton, surgeon-in-ordinary the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Ediuburgh, is

A MILPTARY COMPANY'S RECEPTION. , jr., gave a dramatic entertainment and reception at



We think we value health; but are all the time making sacrifices, not for it, but of it. We do to-day what we must or like; we do what is good for us-when we have to.

We could live in full health, do more work, have more pleasure, amount to more, by being a little careful.

CAREFUL LIVING is the thing to put first; let us send you a book on it; free.

Scorr & Bowne, Chemists, 130 South 5th Avenue, Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver eil—all druggists everywhere do. \$1.

137 W. 23D ST. NEAR 6TH AVE.

IN UNIQUE AND TASTEFUL DESIGNS.

Estimatos on Architecta' Drawings cheerfully submitted.
Rest Workmanship and Finish guaranteed. Thes. Onys.
Brass Goods, Wrought Iron, &c. WE SELL AT MANUS-FACTUREN' PRICES:
INSPECTION RESPECTFULLY INVITED. RICHARD SHAKESHAFT & CO.

took part in the dramatic entertainment were F. W. Dale, Charles G. Seymour, Thomas F. Casey, William T. Daly, Frank A. McKinney, Miss M. Sage and Miss S. Ryan, Dancing was begun at about 11 o'clock, and was kept up until a late hour.

THE NEW-JERSEY LEGISLATURE.

TRYING TO SUPPLY "THE BOYS" WITH OFFICES -NEW BILLS INTRODUCED. Trenton, Jan. 26 (Special).-The introduction of bills

in the Legislature to create new offices goes merrily, on. The office-seekers are more numerous than in years past and a great deal hungrier. While it is the policy of the present administration in Trenton to look out for "the boys," those who have a "pull" at home and insist upon recognition in the shape of a political sinecure, the powers that be are perplexed how to provide for all of them. Inventive keep at work, however, and what is neither thought nor dreamed of by the patronage-dispensers is suggested by the vote-manipulators. The State Board of Assessors now looks after the railroad companies, fixing the amount of their taxes, and in conjunction the State Controller does the work well enough, but there is a demand for a Board of Railroad Commissioners to consist of three members whose term shall be five years, at an annual salary each of \$3,000. The demand comes probably from three gentlemen, not now profitably engaged in any business. A bill for the creation of such a board was introduced to-day. The commissioners are to have the appointment counsel, a secretary and a number of clerks. The ex-pense of the whole machinery is to be limited to the modest sum of \$25,000 a year. The bill provides for the raising of the money out of the treasuries of the rallroad companies of the State, and for that reason no one is expected to object to ft.

Two other measures, which in themselves would have attracted little general attention, were it not that the expenses of the State government are increasing heavily, are likely to be frowned upon by many tax-payers. Both made their appearance to-day. One is for the creation of a Bureau of Agriculture and the go to Holland to report upon its system of sea walls with a view to adopting a similar system for the prospend \$10,000 in the work.

Mr. O'Neill's bill to abolish the office of counsel to

boards of street and water commissioners was adversely reported by the Judiciary Committee of the House, and the report was sustained. A new bill in the hands of the Committee on Banks and Insurance is to prevent any discrimination against colored persons

Mr. Kalisch, of Essex, introduced a bill this afternoon, providing that whenever any Board of Aldermen or other governing body shall be a tie politi-cally, the Mayor of the city shall become president of such body, with full power to perform all the duties F. Loring, widely of the office, he to remain president until the tie

ODDS AND ENDS OF SPORTS.

FAVORABLE TO THE NEW CLASSIFICATION. Apgust Delmost, fleet captain of the Corinthian Yacht Club of New-York, has written a report to the club regarding the reform made in the last yachting season in the method of classification of racing yachts. The clubs which have adopted the system of classificalegal firm of At the last class only), the New-York Yacht Racing Association,

PRODUCE EXCHANGE WATER POLO. Two teams of the Produce Exchange Water Polo Club Two teams of the Produce Ex-played an exciting game last evening at the Produce Ex-change teaths. It resulted in a victory for the "Reds," Rell, of the Reds, scoring in the second hair. The teams

lined up as follows:

TO TELL ABOUT ENGAGING PLAYERS.

President Day has issued a call for a meeting of the directors of the New-York club, to be held to-morrow as No. 231 Broadway. Manager Powers will have returned from the West by that time, and he will inform the directors as to his efforts in trying to sign Lyons and Rusic. The directors will also consider the Richardson-case and the advisability of engaging "Mike" Kelly.

CORINTHIAN SQUADRONS REORGANIZED. The annual meeting of the Corinthian Navy was held last night at the Hotel Mariborough, Thirty-sixth-six and Broadway. The chief purser of the organization, P. Ba, Jones, reported a membership of 250. The members reorganized the various squadrons of their navy. The News, York, Staten Island, Long Island Sound and East Riven, squadrons were first consolidated under the name of the New-York Squadron, with headquarters on Long Island Sound. The navy will hereafter be divided into three squadrons, as follows: Philadelphia Squadron, New-York Sound. The mays will hereafter be divided into thre squadrons, as follows: Philadelphia Squadron, New-York Squadron and an Eastern Squadron, which will be organized. The following onlicers were chesens W. C. Brown, commodore; W. D. Stryker, purser, and W. R. Sainsbury, A. H. Sligh and U. M. Connolly, general committee.

A SUIT INVOLVING MOWING MACHINE PATENTS.

Chicago, Jan. 26.-The Hussey Manufacturing Company of Pittsburg, Penn., has began suit in the United States Circuit Court against the McCormick United States Circuit Court against the accommendation of this city, alleging infringement of patent of complainant's mowing-machines. The complainant company has fought William Deering & Company on the same Issue, and the Eastern courts updetd the patent in fact suit. The bill tasks an injunction restraining further manufacture, and prays that the mowing machines now in the defendant prays that the mawing machines flow in the defendant's possession which infringe on the complainant's patent, be destroyed or surrendered to the Hussey Manufacturing Company, and that damages equal to three times the amount of the actual damages be awarded.

PRESIDENT OF THE CHICAGO UNION LEAGUE. Chicago, Jan. 26 (Special).—The tellers of the Union League Club to-day finished the count of the ballots cast at the annual election yesterday. Ex-Congress-man George E. Adams was elected president for the ensaing year.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD'S THROUGH CAS

The Fifth Through Pullman Palace Buffet Sleeping and Drawing-room Car between New-York and San Prancisco will leave New-York at 2 p. m. Pebruary 1, and be run through, without change, via Omaha and Orden.